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Q1.

- (a) Complete the following table for the particles in the nucleus.

Particle	Relative charge	Relative mass
proton		
neutron		

(2)

Q2.

- (a) Complete the following table.

	Relative mass	Relative charge
Neutron		
Electron		

(2)

Q3.

- (a) Define the term *atomic number*.

(1)

Q4.

- (a) State the meaning of the term *mass number*.

(1)

Q5.

- (a) Atoms of tungsten include ^{182}W and ^{186}W

- (i) Deduce the number of protons in ^{182}W

(1)

- (ii) Deduce the number of neutrons in ^{186}W

(1)

Q6.

- (a)
- Table 1**
- shows some data about fundamental particles in an atom.

Table 1

Particle	proton	neutron	electron
Mass / g	1.6725×10^{-24}	1.6748×10^{-24}	0.0009×10^{-24}

An atom of hydrogen can be represented as ^1H

Use data from **Table 1** to calculate the mass of this hydrogen atom.

(Total 1 mark)

Q7.

This question is about chromium and its compounds.

- (a) An atom has 2 more protons and 3 more neutrons than an atom of
- ^{52}Cr
- .

Deduce the symbol, including the mass number and the atomic number, for this atom.

(Total 1 mark)

Q8.

Which atom has one more proton and two more neutrons than $^{31}_{15}\text{P}$?

- A $^{33}_{16}\text{P}$ ☐
- B $^{34}_{16}\text{P}$ ☐
- C $^{33}_{16}\text{S}$ ☐
- D $^{34}_{16}\text{S}$ ☐

(Total 1 mark)